

The Role of the Mass Media in Climate Communication

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I will talk about ...

- why climate change communication is important
- ... but at the same time difficult
- why mass media are important in this communication
- ... what they can and can't do

and what other communication channels may also be useful





Why CC communication is important ...

- climate Change has or might have multiple social consequences on different geographical scales and with different time horizons
 - might lead to "degradation of freshwater resources", "decline in food production", conflicts and "environmentally induced migration" (WBGU 2007) ...
 - "expected annual cost of achieving emissions reductions, consistent with an emissions tracectory leading to stabilisation at around 500-550 ppm CO2, is likely to be around 1% of GDP by 2050", "poorest developing countries will be hit earliest and hardest" (Stern Review 2006)





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 - "expected annual cost of achieving emissions reductions, consistent with an emissions tracectory leading to stabilisation at around 500-550 ppm CO2, is likely to be around 1% of GDP by 2050", "poorest developing countries will be hit earliest and hardest" (Stern Review 2006)
- politicians, companies, NGOs and others increasingly act upon CC









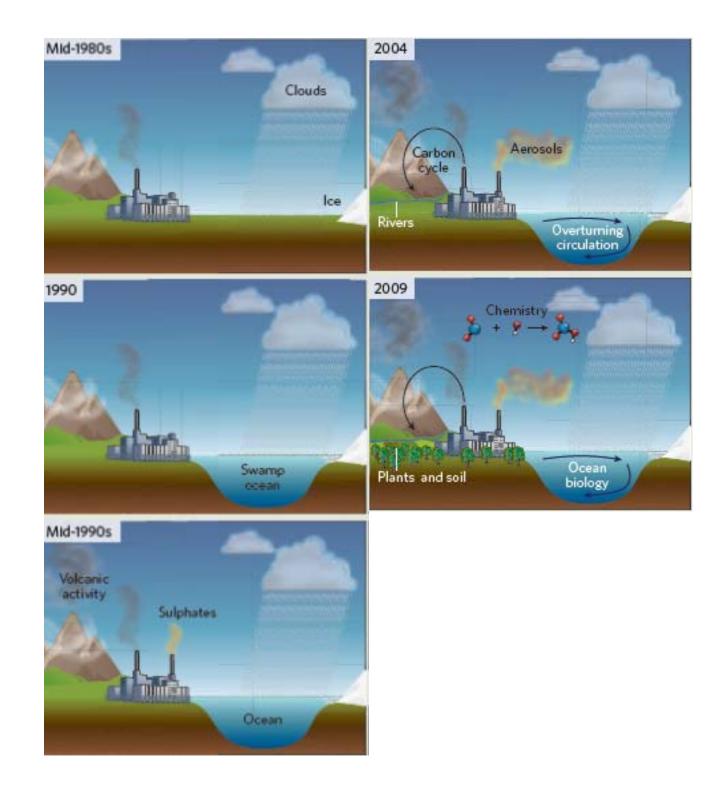
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multi-disciplinary, complex models (Heffernan 2010, *Nature*)







	both the scientific description of the phenomenon	and the social and political measures to deal with it
are complex	multi-disciplinary models, differing predictions	diff. causation claims & cost calculations
are unobtrusive	long-term global change	act now for invisible and uncertain future benefits
are contested	varying degrees of certainty	varying justice principles, many participating parties





... why mass media are important in CC communication

- it is important but difficult to communicate CC
- mass media are particularly suited





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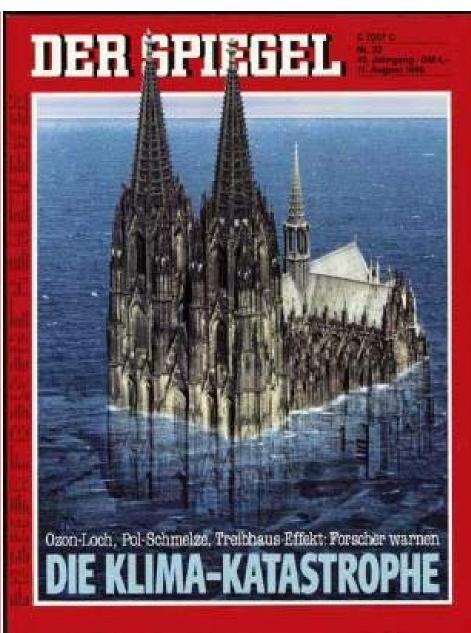






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 - potentially severe *future* consequences \rightarrow potential action now



May 2006

Feb 2007

March 2007



April 2008



Dec 2009





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 - potentially severe *future* consequences \rightarrow potential action now
 - uncertainties \rightarrow interest in novelty and controversy (Nelkin 1992, 1995, Lewenstein 1995)



Nr. 2 11. Januar 2010 € 3,20

Forscherstreit: Fällt die Klima-Katastrophe aus?

Fehlende Sonnenaktivität könnte eine neue Kalt-Zeit auslösen





Do E-Mails Reveal Scientist Claims On Climate Change are...





- setting issues on the audience agenda
 - mass media set environmental issues (Borstedt et al. 2010, Ader 1995) and CC (Sampei/Midori 2009) on the audience agenda and influence problem awareness (Arlt et al. 2011)





- setting issues on the audience agenda
 - mass media set environmental issues (Borstedt et al. 2010, Ader 1995) and CC (Sampei/Midori 2009) on the audience agenda and influence problem awareness (Arlt et al. 2011)
- delivering factual information and "framing" the issue
 - media provide factual knowledge about CC details and potential options for action (Stamm et al. 2000, similar findings in Zhao 2009, Taddicken/Neverla 2011, Ryghaug et al. 2010)





• changing peoples' opinions

- substantial changes in opinions can not be shown (Taddicken/Neverla 2011); only directly after media use, more people state they *want* to change lifestyle (Arlt et al. 2011), but also these effects decrease strongly over time (Lowe et al. 2008)
- persuasive potential of mass media "very low" media content interpreted against personal experience, attitudes, political orientations, and social context, and if it does not match them, rather questioned/rejected than accepted (Peters/Heinrichs 2005)





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- triggering action
 - mass media influence knowledge about options for action (Stamm et al. 2000), but decisions e.g. for energy investment – do not depend on mass media coverage (Arlt et al. 2011)





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alternative ways of CC communication might add to mass media communication and circumvent some their limitations





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 - interpersonal communication > media communication (Taddicken/Neverla 2011)
 - address "opinion leaders" or "network hubs"





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 - interpersonal communication > media communication (Taddicken/Neverla 2011)
 - address "opinion leaders" or "network hubs"
- social web communication





I tried to point out ...

- that mediated communication on CC is necessary and without alternatives
- that the mass media's potential should not be exaggerated
- that they are able to set CC on the agenda and frame it
- but not so much to change opinions and trigger action
- so that other ways of communication should be tried





Thank you for your attention!

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